IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO

TONY NELSON,

Plaintiff,

vs.

No. CV 10-553 BB/DJS

CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE, a political subdivision of the STATE OF NEW MEXICO,

R.T. JOHNSTON, an Officer of the Albuquerque Police Department, Individually, and

D. HUGHS, an Officer of the Albuquerque Police Department, Individually, and

A. LIMON, an Officer of the Albuquerque Police Department, Individually, and

S. WEIMERSKIRCH, an Officer of the Albuquerque Police Department, Individually, and

JOHN AND JANE DOES 1-X, an Officer of the Albuquerque Police Department, Individually,

Defendants.

AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL RIGHTS VIOLATIONS & VIOLATION OF THE NEW MEXICO TORT CLAIMS ACT

Plaintiff Tony Nelson, by and through counsel, Sharon B. Hawk of HAWK LAW, P.A. in association with Justin Pizzonia of Gonzalez & Pizzonia, LLC., hereby brings this complaint for violations his civil rights under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution, made applicable to the states by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and enforceable pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1983, for deprivation of rights

secured by the New Mexico Constitution, Article II, Section 10 and the United States Constitution pursuant to the New Mexico Tort Claims Act, NMSA 1978, § 41-4-1, et seq. and for tortious acts pursuant to the New Mexico Tort Claims Act, NMSA 1978, § 41-4-1, et seq. In support thereof, Plaintiff states:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the New Mexico Tort Claims Act, NMSA 1978, § 41-4-18(A).
- 2. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to NMSA 1978, § 38-3-1 and NMSA 1978§ 41-4-18(B).

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff Tony Nelson [hereinafter "Plaintiff" or "Plaintiff Nelson"] was, at all times relevant to this cause of action, an adult resident of the state of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo.
- 4. Defendant City of Albuquerque [hereinafter "Defendant City"] is a governmental (municipal) entity created pursuant to NMSA 1978, § 3-2-1 *et seq*. The Albuquerque Police Department is a subsidiary agency of the City of Albuquerque. Defendant City is sued under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 for damages under a theory of municipal liability for failure to adequately train and supervise the individual defendants and for its customs, policies, and/or practices. Defendant City is also being sued under NMSA 1978, § 41-4-1 *et seq*. for damages under the theory of vicarious liability for the actions of its employees.
 - 5. Defendant R.T. Johnston [hereinafter "Defendant Johnston"], at all

relevant times herein, was a law enforcement officer and public employee of the Albuquerque Police Department. At all times material to this complaint, Defendant Johnston was acting within the scope and course of his employment and under color of state law.

- 6. Defendant D. Hughs [hereinafter "Defendant Hughs"], at all relevant times herein, was a law enforcement officer and public employee of the Albuquerque Police Department. At all times material to this complaint, Defendant Johnston was acting within the scope and course of his employment and under color of state law.
- 7. Defendant A. Limon [hereinafter "Defendant Limon"], at all relevant times herein, was a law enforcement officer and public employee of the Albuquerque Police Department. At all times material to this complaint, Defendant Limon was acting within the scope and course of his employment and under color of state law.
- 8. Defendant S. Weimerskirch [hereinafter "Defendant Weimerskirch"], at all relevant times herein, was a law enforcement officer and public employee of the Albuquerque Police Department. At all times material to this complaint, Defendant Weimerskirch was acting within the scope and course of his employment and under color of state law.
- 9. Defendant John/Jane Doe 1-X [hereinafter "Defendant Does"], at all relevant times herein, were law enforcement officers and public employees of the Albuquerque Police Department. At all times material to this complaint, Defendant Does were acting within the scope and course of their employment and under color of state law.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 10. This is a civil action for monetary damages, arising from the fact that Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon, Weimerskirch and Does did batter and use excessive force against Plaintiff Nelson.
- 11. On March 3, 2009, Plaintiff Nelson was living at the home of his friend Jeffrey Patterson at 313 Constitution NW, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102.
- 12. On March 3, 2009, Plaintiff Nelson and Jeffrey Paterson were drinking beer at Mr. Patterson's home when an argument ensued.
- 13. The argument started when Plaintiff Nelson refused Jeffrey Patterson's demand that Plaintiff purchase more beer from the nearby convenience store.
- 14. Angry because Plaintiff Nelson refused to purchase more beer, Jeffrey Patterson went a nearby pay phone to call the police for assistance to have Plaintiff Nelson permanently removed from Patterson's home.
- 15. After making the initial 911 call, Patterson returned to his 313 Constitution residence, whereupon the argument resumed and continued.
 - 16. Jeffrey Patterson left the residence to make a second 911 call.
 - 17. While Patterson was out of the house, Plaintiff Nelson went to bed.
- 18. While Plaintiff Nelson was sleeping, Police Officers from the Albuquerque Police Department responded to Patterson's call for service, whereupon they made contact with Patterson, who was sitting outside of the house.
- 19. Albuquerque Police Department and its SWAT team responded to the location and set up a perimeter around the residence.

- 20. Upon the order of law enforcement, Plaintiff Nelson exited the residence.
- 21. Defendant Hughs fired five rounds from his bean bag shotgun striking Plaintiff in the chest and trunk
 - 22. Defendant Hughs further deployed his Taser twice, striking Plaintiff.
- 23. Defendant Johnston fired approximately five wood baton rounds, striking Plaintiff.
 - 24. Defendant Limon deployed his taser, striking Plaintiff.
- 25. Defendant Weimerskirch deployed his service dog, "Doc," which mauled Plaintiff.
- 26. A paramedic unit that was called to the scene and Plaintiff Nelson was transported the hospital for emergency and inpatient care.
 - 27. To date plaintiff is still treating for injuries sustained on March 3, 2009.

COUNT I: EXCESSIVE AND UNNECESSARY USE OF FORCE DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS PURSUANT TO THE FOURTH AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION AND ARTICLE II, SECTION 10 OF THE NEW MEXICO CONSTITUTION AS ENFORCED THROUGH 42 U.S.C. 1983 AND § 41-4-1 et seq.

- 28. Each and every foregoing allegation is herein incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
- 29. At all times material hereto, Plaintiff Nelson had a state and federal constitutional right to be free of excessive and unnecessary use of force in the course of arrest and custody.
- 30. The force that Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon, Weimerskirch and Does used upon Plaintiff was unnecessary, objectively unreasonable and excessive under

the circumstances and resulted in a significant injury to Plaintiff.

31. Prior to engaging in the use of unnecessary force against a citizen who

posed no threat to the officer, self or the public, Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon, and

Does had a duty to critically evaluate the facts upon which they would rely to support

their actions and to determine if such actions were objectively reasonable and in good

faith under the totality of the circumstances.

32. Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon, Weimerskirch and Does failed to

exercise this duty in these regards and their actions were not objectively reasonable.

33. Defendants Johnston's, Hughs', Limon's, Weimerskirch's and Does'

actions during the arrest and custody of Plaintiff, to wit, the attack from the K-9 dog, the

use of Tactical Immobilization and use of Electrical Immobilization constituted excessive

and unreasonable force.

34. In addition, the actions undertaken by Defendants Johnston, Hughs,

Limon, Weimerskirch and Does were willful, wanton and in reckless disregard of

Plaintiff's constitutional rights.

35. Defendants Johnston's, Hughs', Limon's, Weimerskirch's and Does'

actions as described herein were a direct and proximate cause of the deprivation of

Plaintiff's rights under the New Mexico Constitution and the United States Constitution,

as well as the resultant injuries and damages in medical bills; personal injury; and

emotional distress of the garden-variety type that any person would be expected to suffer

under like circumstances

COUNT II: BATTERY
VIOLATION PURSUANT 41-4-12

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- 36. Each and every foregoing allegation is herein incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
- 37. At all times material hereto, Plaintiff Nelson had a Fourth Amendment right to be free from unlawful battery against his person.
- 38. Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon, Weimerskirch and Does intentionally touched or applied force to Plaintiff Tony Nelson in a rude, insolent or angry manner in the course of effecting the arrest, to wit, the attack from the K-9 dog, the use of Tactical Immobilization and use of Electrical Immobilization.
- 39. In addition, the actions undertaken by Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon, Weimerskirch and Does were willful, wanton and in reckless disregard of Plaintiff's rights and safety.
- 40. Defendants Johnston's, Hughs', Limon's, Weimerskirch's and Does' actions as described herein were a direct and proximate cause of the resultant injuries and damages in medical bills; personal injury; and emotional distress of the garden-variety type that any person would be expected to suffer under like circumstances.
- 41. Defendant City is liable for the unlawful actions of its employees, to wit, the individual defendants named herein, under the theory of *respondeat superior*.

<u>COUNT III: MUNICIPAL LIABILITY:</u> DEFENDANTS CITY (CUSTOM AND POLICY)

- 42. Each and every foregoing allegation is herein incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
 - 43. The acts and omissions in violation of Plaintiff's rights by the

Individual Defendants were perpetrated pursuant to the custom and policy of Defendant City.

- 44. Defendant City either maintains official policies of permitting its employees to use excessive force and battery and violating the constitutional rights of citizens or, in the alternative, maintains a *de facto* policy of ignoring such actions by said employees.
- 45. Defendants City's knowledge of the individually named defendants' illegal conduct towards Plaintiff as well as the illegal conduct perpetrated by other City employees can be inferred by the obviousness of the facts surrounding this incident, by similar incidents of excessive force giving rise to lawsuits and/or citizen complaints and by Defendant City's lack of adequate policies, procedures and actual processes to ensure adequate, safe and effective interactions with members of the general public. City Defendant was deliberately indifferent to what occurred to Plaintiff Nelson, as well as other citizens.
- 46. Defendant City's and County's policies, procedures, and/or customs, either official or *de facto*, were a moving force behind the individually named defendants' illegal acts and a direct and proximate cause of the deprivation of Plaintiff's rights under New Mexico and United States Constitutions and New Mexico Tort Claims Act, as well as the injuries and damages described herein.

<u>COUNT IV: MUNICIPAL LIABILITY</u> DEFENDANT CITY (FAILURE TO TRAIN AND SUPERVISE)

47. Each and every foregoing allegation is herein incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.

- 48. The acts and omissions in violation of Plaintiff's rights by the individually named defendants were perpetrated pursuant to the custom and policy of Defendant City.
- 49. Defendant City failed to train the individual defendants and/or failed to supervise the individual defendants regarding the circumstances under which adequate, safe and effective interactions with the public occur.
- 50. Defendant City's failure to train and/or supervise the individually named defendants regarding their illegal conduct towards Plaintiff, as well as the illegal conduct perpetrated by other City and County employees, can be inferred by the obviousness of the facts herein, as well as the numerous other lawsuits filed against both entities for similar violations.
- 51. Defendant City was deliberately indifferent to the rights of Plaintiff and other city and county citizens.
- 52. Defendant City's failure to train and supervise the individual defendants was a moving force behind these defendant's illegal acts and was a direct and proximate cause of the deprivation of Plaintiff's rights under the United States Constitution, the New Mexico Constitution and the New Mexico Tort Claims Act, as well as the resultant injuries and damages described herein.

COUNT V: PUNITIVE DAMAGES

- 53. Each and every foregoing allegation is herein incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
 - 54. The acts and omissions of Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon,

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Weimerskirch and Does were willful, wanton, intentional, malicious, and committed with

the intent to cause harm, and said acts and omissions did in fact cause harm to Plaintiff.

55. The award of punitive damages as against these individually named

defendants is justified and necessary in order to dissuade them and others similarly

situated from behaving in the same or similar manner in the future.

56. No punitive damages are requested or sought against the City or any of

the individually named defendants in their official capacities.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff asks that the Court to accept his complaint and order

appropriate preliminary hearings on all issues susceptible to such hearings. Plaintiff

further asks that the Court, after all preliminary matters are resolved and full discovery

has been had, order trial by jury of the case on its merits. Plaintiff asks that following

trial, this Court award nominal damages and compensatory damages against all

Defendants and award punitive damages against Defendants Johnston, Hughs, Limon,

Weimerskirch and Does in their individual capacities. Finally, Plaintiff asks that the

Court to award the costs of this action and reasonable attorney's fees, and such other and

further relief as may be deemed just and equitable under the circumstances as described

herein.

Respectfully submitted,

HAWK LAW, P.A.

By:

/s/ Sharon B. Hawk

Attorney for Tony Nelson

01 Ridge Court

P.O. Box 1338

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Placitas, NM 87043 (505) 867-7483 (505) 213-0345 (Facsimile)

Justin Pizzonia Co-Counsel for Tony Nelson 1216 Fifth Street. NW Albuquerque, NM 87102 (505) 999-1080 (505) 217-3520 (Facsimile)